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 MULTIPOINT MEDIA CONVERTER

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09/636171

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- ☒ Transmittal sheet, in duplicate, containing Certificate under 37 CFR 1.10.
- ☒ Utility Patent Application: Spec. 6 pgs; 62 claims; Abstract 1 pg.:
- ☒ 4 sheets of informal drawings
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23552

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

**CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY FOR MONITORING PORT ACTIVITY
AND INTEGRITY OF A MULTIPOINT MEDIA CONVERTER**

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates generally to telecommunications equipment and, more particularly, to a circuit assembly for monitoring port activity and integrity of a multipoint media converter.

Background of the Invention

Various electrical/fiberoptic connectors are known for use in the telecommunications industry to transmit voice, data and video signals. FIG. 1 illustrates a prior art environment 10 in which a hub 12 is electrically coupled to a workstation 14 by conventional copper wiring, i.e., unshielded twisted pair. A disadvantage in this environment is that copper is distance limited in that it transmits signals a maximum distance of about 90-100 meters. Oftentimes the physical layout of the environment in which hubs and workstations are to be coupled requires signals to be propagated over greater distances than copper can accommodate. One way to propagate signals over greater distances is to use fiber optic cable which can propagate signals a distance of about 2 kilometers or more using either multimode or single mode optical fiber. FIG. 2 illustrates an extended environment in which fiber optic cable is used. In order to use both copper and fiber, converters must be used to convert a signal into the proper format for the transmission media, i.e. copper or fiber. In this extended environment 16, a hub 18 is electrically coupled to a media converter 20 by standard copper wiring such as an RJ45 patch cable. A workstation 22 is electrically coupled to another media converter 20 also by standard copper. The two media converters 20 are optically coupled together by fiber optic cable. This allows the hub 18 and workstation 22 to be separated by greater distances than in the environment shown in FIG. 1.

For environments where multiple hubs and/or workstations may be used, the converters 20 are generally multipoint media converters that accept multiple terminations to fiber and twisted pair. The media converters 20 have ports of a first type to transmit and receive signals over twisted pair and ports of a second type to transmit and receive signals over fiber. Electronics within the media converter convert signals from one format to another. In the converter, a twisted pair port

is electrically coupled to a fiber port and that pair is given a unique number. From a troubleshooting perspective it is important to be able to monitor port activity as well as its integrity, for example, is the port properly terminated.

One way of providing such monitoring is to provide indicators such as light emitting diodes (LEDs) at each port to indicate if there is activity at that port and whether the port is properly terminated. For example, in a chassis that holds sixteen port pairs, a total of 64 or more LEDs are needed. Having so many LEDs consumes valuable real estate as well as power. In addition, the user has to look at the indicators at each of the individual ports which makes troubleshooting difficult and burdensome. In addition, because the activity indicators for the copper ports and optic ports are physically located at their respective port, a troubleshooter would have to look at the indicators at a copper port and then look at the indicator at the fiber port to which that copper port is coupled.

It is thus desirable to provide a simple, easy to use monitor that utilizes a small number of indicators, is low on power consumption and has a small footprint. In addition, it is desirable to provide a monitor that centrally locates the indicators so that activity and integrity of any port can be monitored from a central location. In addition, it is desirable to place the activity indicator for each port of a port pair at the same location.

Summary of the Invention

According to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a monitor for a multiport media converter. The monitor includes a plurality of first ports and a plurality of second ports. The second ports are of a different type than the first ports and each first port is electrically coupled to a distinct second port to create a port pair. A monitor is electrically coupled to the plurality of port pairs to monitor activity at a selected port pair.

According to a second aspect of the invention there is provided a monitor having an input for receiving signals from multiple ports. The ports include a plurality of first ports of a first type and a plurality of second ports of a second type that are different than the first type. The ports are electrically coupled so that a first port is electrically coupled to a distinct second port to form a port pair. Means are electrically coupled to the input to select a port pair to monitor. A display is electrically coupled to the means for selecting and the input to display the port pair being monitored.

According to a third aspect of the invention, there is provided a monitor circuit board assembly that includes an input for receiving signals from a plurality of port pairs of a converter, a port pair selector for selecting which port pair to monitor, a monitor circuit coupled to the input and port pair selector, and a display to indicate which of a plurality of port pairs is being monitored. The monitor circuit monitors at least one condition of the port pair selected.

According to a fourth aspect of the invention, there is provided a monitor for a converter that includes an input electrically coupled to a plurality of port pairs, a switch coupled to the input for selecting one of the plurality of port pairs, a monitor circuit for monitoring at least one condition of the port pair selected and a display for displaying the port pair being monitored.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate several aspects of the invention and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention. A brief description of the drawings is as follows:

FIG. 1 is a diagram of an environment according to the prior art;

FIG. 2 is a diagram of an extended environment;

FIG. 3 is a front perspective view of a multiport media converter having a circuit assembly for monitoring port activity and integrity according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a front detailed view of the circuit assembly shown in FIG. 3 according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a front perspective view of the circuit shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 6 is a rear perspective view of the circuit shown in FIG. 3; and

FIG. 7 is an electrical schematic of the circuit assembly shown in FIG. 3.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Reference will now be made in detail to preferred aspects of the present invention that are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Whenever possible, the same reference numbers will be used throughout the drawings to refer to the same or like parts.

FIG. 3 is a front perspective view of a multiport media converter 24 having a circuit assembly for monitoring port activity and integrity according to a preferred embodiment of the

present invention. The media converter chassis 24 holds a plurality of first ports 26 of a first type and a plurality of second ports 28 of a second type that are different from the first type. In this particular embodiment, the first ports are fiber ports that can be coupled to optic fiber (not shown) and the second ports 28 are twisted pair ports that can be coupled to unshielded twisted pair wiring (not shown, i.e. copper). Located in the center of the converter 24 is the circuit assembly 30 for monitoring port activity and integrity. From this central location, all of the ports 26, 28 can be monitored.

FIG. 4 is a front detailed view of the circuit assembly shown in FIG. 3 according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The circuit assembly 30 is attached to a chassis plate 12, for example, from the backside of the chassis by a plurality of fasteners such as screws (not shown), and has a display 114, a first switch 116, a second switch 118, a first, second, third and fourth indicator, 120-126, and a reset switch 128. A detailed discussion of the circuitry of the circuit assembly will be described with reference to FIG. 7. The display 114 is preferably a digit display. Indicators 120-126 are preferably light emitting diodes. The circuit assembly 30 is electrically coupled to the ports 26, 28 through a connector (FIGS. 5-6, 130) located on the backside of the assembly which, in a preferred embodiment, is a ribbon connector. More particularly, one fiber port is electrically coupled to a twisted pair port to form a port pair. As those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate, a fiber port refers actually to two connectors 27, 29 for transmit and receive. Each port pair is assigned a unique number. Thus fiber port "1" is coupled to twisted pair "1", for example, and is assigned the port pair number "1". Troubleshooting of the ports 26, 28 is accomplished through circuit assembly 30. A user uses the first or second switch 116, 118 to select a port pair to monitor. The number of the port pair being monitored appears on display 114. Switch 116 is used to decrease the port pair number and switch 118 is used to increase the port pair number being monitored. Of course, it will be appreciated that other switching mechanisms may be used such as a rotary dial, a single switch, a toggle switch, for example, and the present invention is not limited to the particular implementation shown.

The indicators 120-126 indicate various operational characteristics of the port pair being monitored. Indicator 120 reflects the integrity of the twisted port of the pair; i.e. is it terminated by a twisted pair patch cable. Indicator 124 does the same for the fiber port of the pair. Indicator 122 reflects whether there is any activity at the twisted pair port, i.e. is it receiving signals. Indicator 126 does the same for the fiber port of the pair.

Alternatively the display 114, indicators 120-126 and switches 116, 118 may be replaced with a liquid crystal display that is programmed to allow the user to select various information that the user is interested in seeing using the liquid crystal. The display may have a touch screen or heat sensitive panel on which icons are displayed for the user's selection. In addition, while the converter has been shown converting electrical signals to optical signals and vice versa, the converter may also convert optical signals of one format to optical signals of another format, for example, single mode to multimode and vice versa. In addition, while RJ-45 jacks have been illustrated as the electrical ports, these may be replaced by coaxial connectors. Also, the optical connectors may be the type used with single mode or multimode fiber or various combinations of different connectors. The present invention is intended to cover converters that convert electrical to optical and optical to optical. In addition, the electrical connectors may be coax or RJ-45 connectors or a combination thereof and the optical connectors may be multimode or single mode or a combination thereof.

In use, a user selects which port pair to monitor using either switch 116, 118. In a preferred embodiment, switches 116, 118 are momentary switches. Alternatively, they may be replaced by a toggle switch or a dial or as previously described a touch screen liquid crystal display. The port pair number is displayed on display 114. In addition, indicators 120-126 are illuminated if there are valid links for the fiber and twisted pair ports of the port pair being monitored as well as activity at those ports. If a fault condition is encountered, i.e., no twisted pair link, no twisted pair activity, no optical link, no optical activity, the respective indicator will be extinguished and the port pair number shown in the display will flash to provide added visual stimulation that there is a problem with that port pair. A reset switch 128 is used to reset the entire display circuit if a "latch-up" occurs due to user mishandling or power interruptions. The circuit assembly 30 is designed to be plugged into the backplane board (not shown) of the media converter. Thus, it can be easily removed for repair or replacement of parts, if necessary. After 60 seconds of inactivity, the display 114 and indicators 120-126 will turn off.

Thus by providing a troubleshooting monitor at a central location instead of at each port, the number of indicators is significantly reduced. By providing less indicators, power consumption is reduced by as much as 77%. Usability is also improved since a user need only look at one location instead of each port and valuable real estate is preserved. In addition, because the indicators and display are centrally located, a user can check the port activity of the paired twisted pair port and fiber port from one location.

FIG. 7 is an electrical schematic of the circuit assembly shown in FIG. 3. The circuit 200 includes two printed circuit boards 202, 204 that couple the ports of the chassis. Converters 206 are located on the boards 202, 204 to convert signals received from and transmitted to the respective ports. A bus interface 208 is coupled to each converter. The bus interfaces 208 are coupled to a bus 210. Also coupled to the bus 210 is a bus interface LED driver 212 which drives indicators 120-126. A counter 214 and binary to decimal decoder 216 are coupled to the bus 210.

Switches 116, 118 communicate with the counter 214 and a second counter 220 to select which port pair to display and monitor. The remaining circuit elements are self explanatory and thus need not be described in further detail.

Having described preferred aspects and embodiments of the present invention, modifications and equivalents of the disclosed concepts may readily occur to one skilled in the art. However, it is intended that such modifications and equivalents be included within the scope of the claims which are appended hereto.

What is claimed is:

1. A converter comprising:

a chassis comprising:

a plurality of first ports;

5 a plurality of second ports wherein the second ports are of a different type than the first ports and wherein each first port is electrically coupled to a distinct second port to create a plurality of port pairs; and
a monitor electrically coupled to the plurality of port pairs to monitor information concerning a selected port pair.

10

2. The converter of claim 1 wherein the information monitored by the monitor includes activity on the first and second port of a selected pair.

3. The monitor of claim 1 wherein the information monitored by the monitor
15 includes whether the first and second port of a selected port pair are properly terminated.

4. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from copper wiring and the plurality of second ports are
20 optic connectors that receive signals from fiber optic cables.

5. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

25

6. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

7. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

5 8. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

9. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are optical
10 connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber and the plurality of second ports are optical connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

10. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are RJ-45 jacks and the plurality of second ports are fiberoptic connectors.

15 11. The converter of claim 1 wherein the monitor further comprises a display for displaying the selected port pair being monitored.

12. The converter of claim 11 wherein the display is a digit display.

20 13. The converter of claim 11 wherein the display is a liquid crystal display.

14. The converter of claim 1 wherein the monitor further comprises a switch for selecting a port pair to be monitored.

25 15. The converter of claim 14 wherein the switch is a toggle switch.

16. The converter of claim 14 wherein the switch includes a pair of switches.

30 17. The converter of claim 16 wherein the pair of switches are momentary switches.

18. The converter of claim 6 further comprising a plurality of indicators for indicating activity on the selected port pair being monitored and termination of first and second port of the selected port pair being monitored.

5

19. The converter of claim 18 wherein the plurality of indicators are light emitting diodes.

20. The converter of claim 11 wherein the display flashes if a fault condition exists for the port pair being monitored.

10

21. The converter of claim 1 wherein the monitor is detachably coupled to the chassis.

22. The converter of claim 1 wherein the plurality of first ports are grouped together in a first group and the plurality of second ports are grouped together in a second group that is located away from the first group.

15

23. The converter of claim 22 wherein the monitor is located between the first and second group.

20

24. A monitor comprising:

an input for receiving signals from multiple ports wherein the ports include a plurality of first ports of a first type and a plurality of second ports of a second type that are different than the first type wherein the ports are electrically coupled so that a first port is electrically coupled to a distinct second port to form a port pair;

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means electrically coupled to the input for selecting a port pair to monitor; and

a display electrically coupled to the means for selecting and the input to display the port pair is being monitored.

30

25. The monitor of claim 16 wherein the display also displays whether a fault condition is present for the port pair being monitored.

26. The monitor of claim 24 further comprising:

5 an indicator electrically coupled to the means for selecting wherein the indicator indicates a condition about the port pair being monitored.

27. The monitor of claim 24 wherein each port pair is assigned a unique number and the display is a light emitting digit display that displays the unique number of the port pair being monitored.

10

28. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the means for selecting is a switch.

15

29. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the means for selecting is a pair of momentary switches.

30. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the indicator is a light emitting diode.

20

31. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the first ports are RJ-45 ports and the second ports are fiber optic ports.

25

32. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

33. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

34. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

5 35. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

36. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the plurality of first ports are optical
10 connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber and the plurality of second ports are optical connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

37. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the display is a digit display.

15 38. The monitor of claim 24 wherein the display is a liquid crystal display.

39. A monitor circuit board assembly comprising:
an input for receiving signals from a plurality of port pairs of a converter;
a port pair selector for selecting which port pair to monitor;
20 a monitor circuit coupled to the input and port pair selector wherein the monitor circuit monitors at least one condition of the port pair selected; and
a display to indicate which of a plurality of port pairs is being monitored.

40. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the display also displays a fault condition on
25 the port pair being monitored.

41. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the display is an LED digit display.

42. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the display is a liquid crystal display.
30

43. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the port pair selector is a switch.

44. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the port pair selector is a pair of switches.

5 45. The assembly of claim 44 wherein the pair of switches are momentary switches.

46. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the plurality of port pairs includes first electrical ports that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and a plurality of second optical ports that receive signals from multimode fiber.

10

47. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the plurality of port pairs includes first electrical ports that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and a plurality of second optical ports that receive signals from single mode fiber.

15 48. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the plurality of port pairs includes first electrical ports that receive signals from coaxial cables and a plurality of second optical ports that receive signals from multimode fiber.

49. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the plurality of port pairs includes first
20 electrical ports that receive signals from coaxial cables and a plurality of second optical ports that receive signals from single mode fiber.

50. The assembly of claim 39 wherein the plurality of port pairs includes first
25 optical ports that receive signals from single mode fiber and a plurality of second optical ports that receive signals from multimode fiber.

51. A monitor for a converter comprising:

an input electrically coupled to a plurality of port pairs wherein each of the port pairs includes a port of a first type electrically coupled to a port of a second type

30 wherein the first type accepts signals in a different format than the second type;

a selector coupled to the input for selecting one of the plurality of port pairs to monitor;

a monitor circuit for monitoring at least one condition of the port pair selected; and

5 a display coupled to the input for displaying the port pair being monitored and whether a fault condition is present at that port pair being monitored.

52. The monitor of claim 51 further comprising a plurality of indicators coupled to the input wherein each of the plurality of indicators indicates a particular type of fault
10 condition for the twisted pair being monitored.

53. The monitor of claim 51 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.
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54. The monitor of claim 51 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from twisted pair wiring and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

20 55. The monitor of claim 51 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables that the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

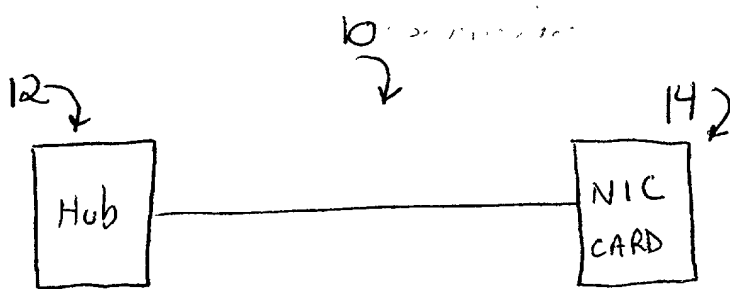
56. The monitor of claim 51 wherein the plurality of first ports are electrical
25 connectors that receive signals from coaxial cables and the plurality of second ports are optic connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber.

57. The monitor of claim 51 wherein the plurality of first ports are optical connectors that receive signals from single mode fiber and the plurality of second ports
30 are optical connectors that receive signals from multimode fiber.

- 5

Abstract of the Disclosure

5



PRIOR ART
FIG. 1

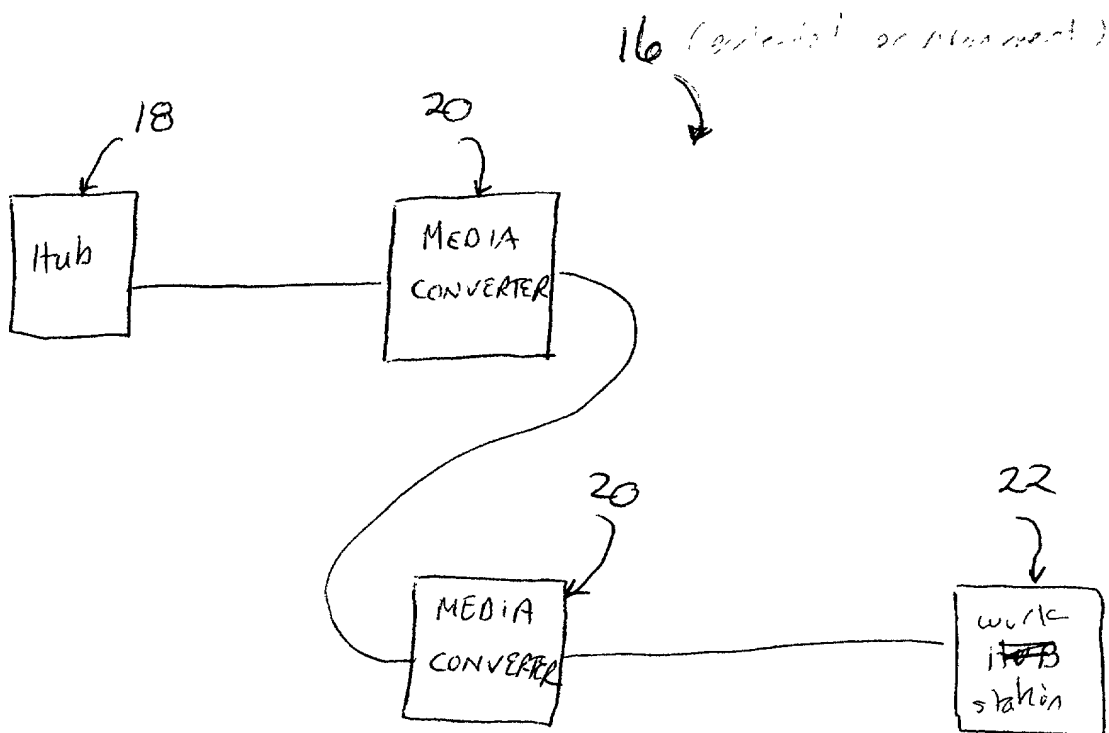


FIG. 2

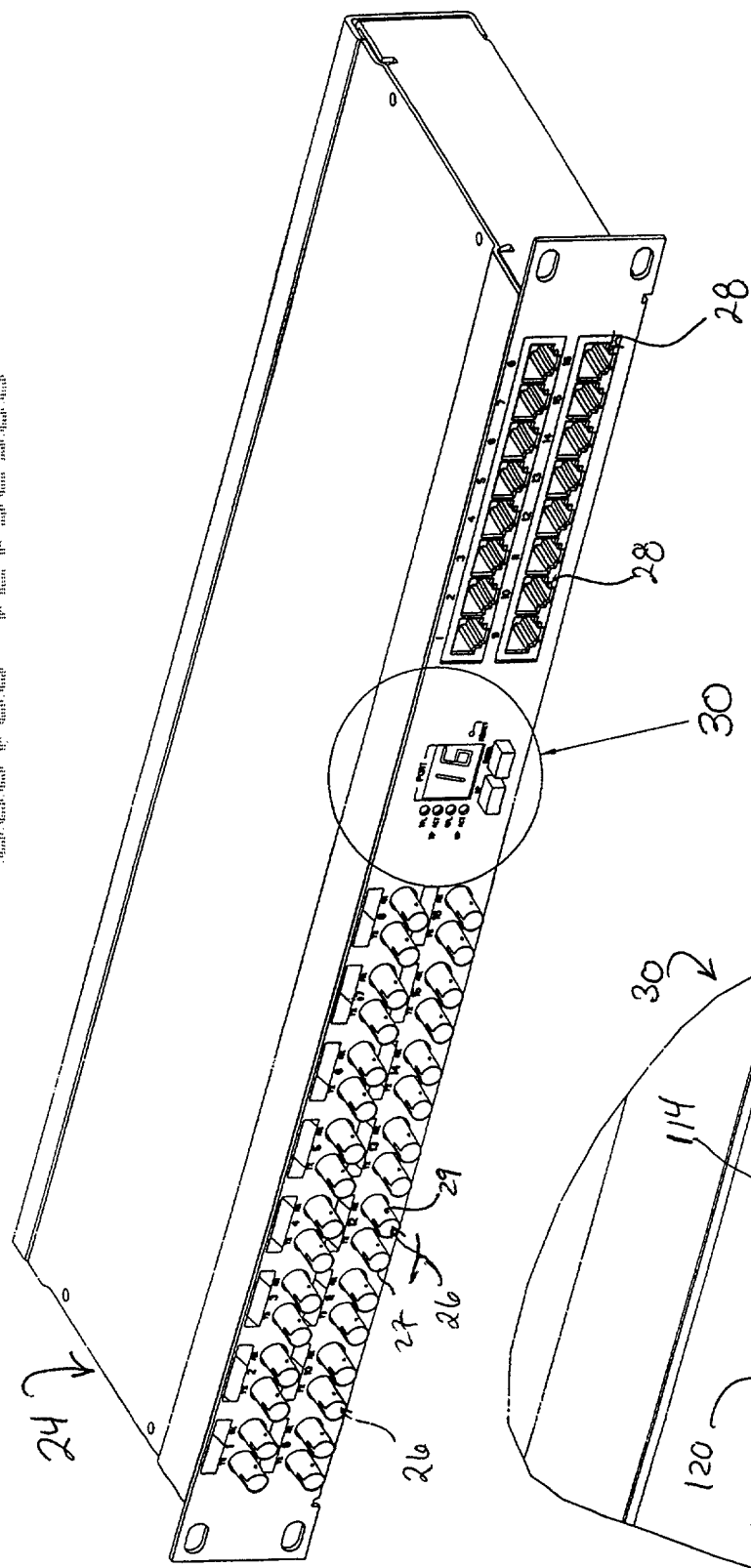


FIG. 3

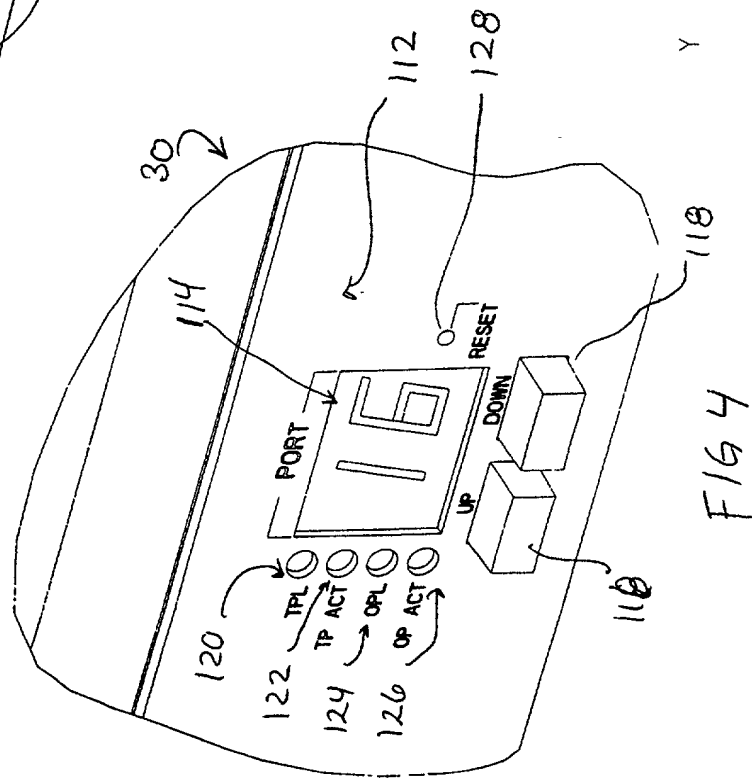
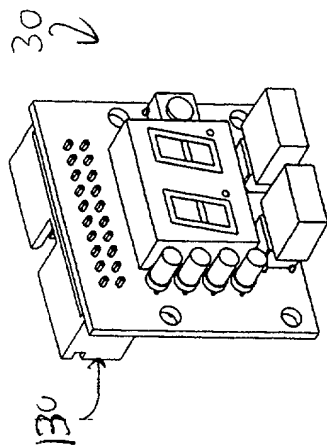


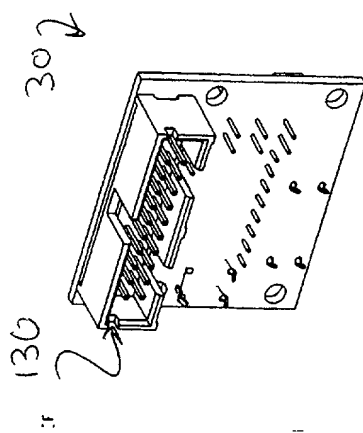
FIG. 4

FIG. 5



SCALE 2.000

FIG. 5



SCALE 2.000

FIG. 6

1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689 2690 2691 2692 2693 2694 2695 2696 2697 2698 2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723 2724 2725 2726 2727 2728 2729 2730 2731 2732 2733 2734 2735 2736 2737 2738 2739 2740 2741 2742 2743 2744 2745 2746 2747 2748 2749 2750 2751 2752 2753 2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768 2769 2770 2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777 2778 2779 2780 2781 2782 2783 2784 2785 2786 2787 2788 2789 2790 2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801 2802 2803 2804 2805 2806 2807 2808 2809 2810 2811

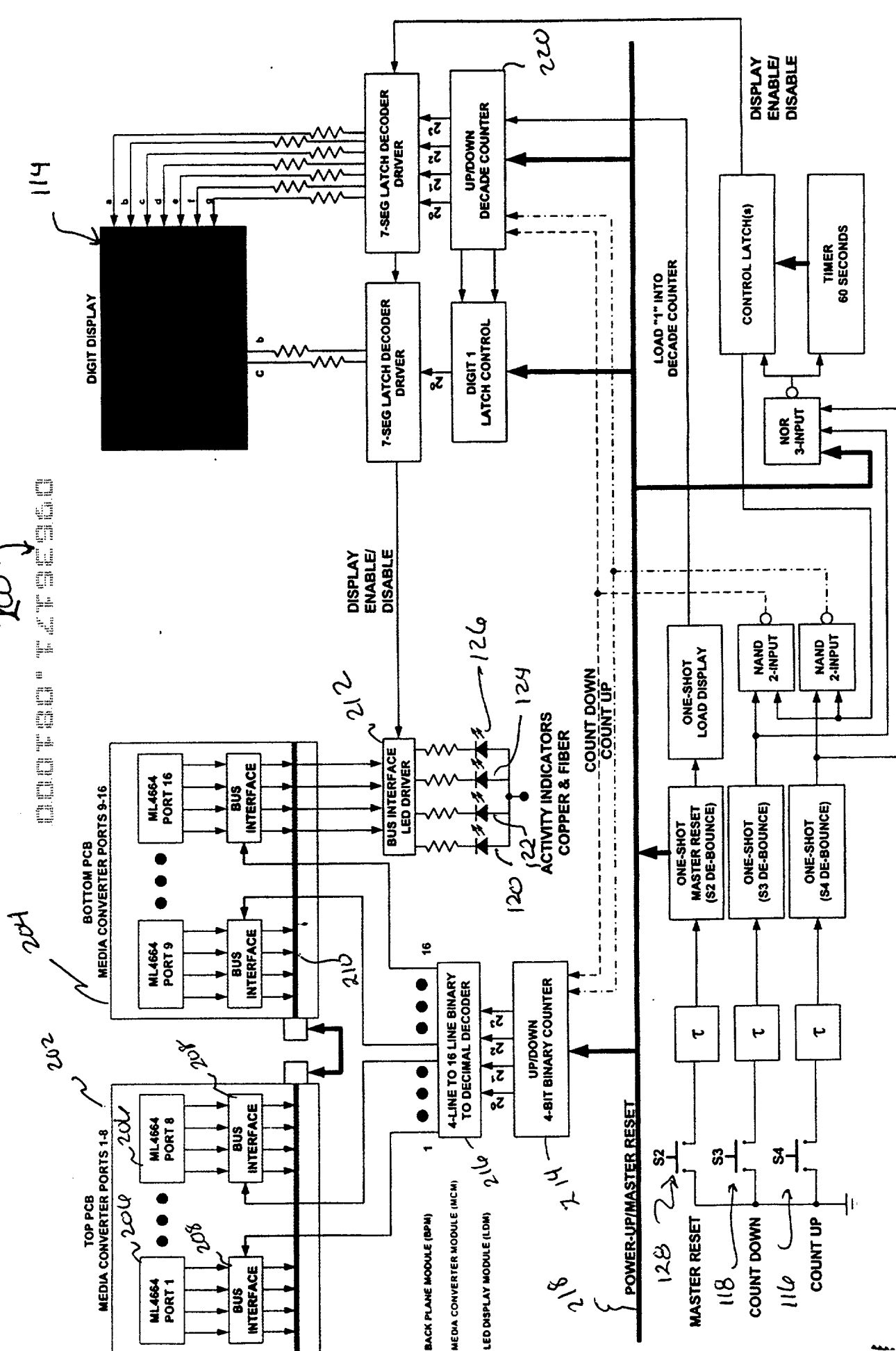


Fig. 7

MERCHANT & GOULD P.C.

United States Patent Application

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY FOR MONITORING PORT ACTIVITY AND INTEGRITY OF A MULTIPOINT MEDIA CONVERTER

The specification of which

- a. ☒ is attached hereto
b. ☐ was filed on _____ as application serial no. _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable) (in the case of a PCT-filed application) described and claimed in international no. _____ filed _____ and as amended on _____ (if any), which I have reviewed and for which I solicit a United States patent.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 (attached hereto).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119/365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on the basis of which priority is claimed:

- a. ☒ no such applications have been filed.
b. ☐ such applications have been filed as follows:

FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, CLAIMING PRIORITY UNDER 35 USC § 119			
COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	DATE OF ISSUE (day, month, year)

ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, FILED BEFORE THE PRIORITY APPLICATION(S)			
COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	DATE OF ISSUE (day, month, year)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120/365 of any United States and PCT international application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	STATUS (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

U.S. PROVISIONAL APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (Day, Month, Year)

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or patent agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith:

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Johnston, Scott W.	Reg. No. 39,721	Whipps, Brian	Reg. No. 43,261
Kachevitch, Natalie D.	Reg. No. 34,196	Whitaker, John E.	Reg. No. 42,222
Karjeker, Shaukat	Reg. No. 34,049	Wickhem, J. Scot	Reg. No. 41,376
Kastelic, Joseph M.	Reg. No. 37,160	Williams, Douglas J.	Reg. No. 27,054
Kettelberger, Denise	Reg. No. 33,924	Witt, Jonelle	Reg. No. 41,980
Keys, Jeramie J.	Reg. No. 42,724	Wu, Tong	Reg. No. 43,361
Knearl, Homer L.	Reg. No. 21,197	Xu, Min S.	Reg. No. 39,536
Kowalchyk, Alan W.	Reg. No. 31,535	Zeuli, Anthony R.	Reg. No. 45,255
Kowalchyk, Katherine M.	Reg. No. 36,848		

I hereby authorize them to act and rely on instructions from and communicate directly with the person/assignee/attorney/firm/ organization who/which first sends/sent this case to them and by whom/which I hereby declare that I have consented after full disclosure to be represented unless/until I instruct Merchant & Gould P.C. to the contrary.

Please direct all correspondence in this case to Merchant & Gould P.C. at the address indicated below:

Merchant & Gould P.C.
P.O. Box 2903
Minneapolis, MN 55402-0903



I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

2 0 1	Full Name Of Inventor	Family Name COFFEY	First Given Name JOSEPH	Second Given Name
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Signature of Inventor 201:			Date:	

§ 1.56 Duty to disclose information material to patentability.

(a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclose information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is canceled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned. Information material to the patentability of a claim that is canceled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information which is not material to the patentability of any existing claim. The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§ 1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98. However, no patent will be granted on an application in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or attempted or the duty of disclosure was violated through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office encourages applicants to carefully examine:

(1) prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and

(2) the closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending claim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.

(b) Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and

(1) It establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim;

(2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:

(i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or

(ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facie case of unpatentability is established when the information compels a conclusion that a claim is unpatentable under the preponderance of evidence, burden-of-proof standard, giving each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentability.

(c) Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:

(1) Each inventor named in the application:

(2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and

(3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.

(d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.